# Calendar No. 610

107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 975

[Report No. 107-290]

To improve environmental policy by providing assistance for State and tribal land use planning, to promote improved quality of life, regionalism, and sustainable economic development, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 25, 2001

7Mr. Chafee (for himself, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Levin, Mr. Specter, Mr. Bingaman, Mr. Cleland, Mr. Lieberman, and Mr. Torricelli) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

SEPTEMBER 18, 2002

Reported by Mr. Jeffords, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To improve environmental policy by providing assistance for State and tribal land use planning, to promote improved quality of life, regionalism, and sustainable economic development, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

### **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2	This Act may be cited as the "Community Character
3	Act of 2001".
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
5	Congress finds that—
6	(1) inadequate land use planning at the State
7	and tribal levels contributes to—
8	(A) increased public and private capital
9	costs for public works infrastructure develop-
10	ment;
11	(B) environmental degradation;
12	(C) weakened regional economic develop-
13	ment; and
14	(D) loss of community character;
15	(2) land use planning is rightfully within the ju-
16	risdiction of State, tribal, and local governments;
17	(3) comprehensive land use planning and com-
18	munity development should be supported by Federal,
19	State, and tribal governments;
20	(4) States and tribal governments should pro-
21	vide a proper climate and context through legislation
22	in order for comprehensive land use planning, com-
23	munity development, and environmental protection
24	to occur;
25	(5)(A) many States and tribal governments
26	have outmoded land use planning legislation; and

1	(B) many States and tribal governments are
2	undertaking efforts to update and reform land use
3	planning legislation;
4	(6) the Federal Government and States should
5	support the efforts of tribal governments to develop
6	and implement land use plans to improve environ-
7	mental protection, housing opportunities, and socio-
8	economic conditions for Indian tribes; and
9	(7) the coordination of use of State and tribal
10	resources with local land use plans requires addi-
11	tional planning at the State and tribal levels.
12	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this Act:
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	In this Act:  (1) Land use Plan.—The term "land use
14	(1) Land use Plan. The term "land use
14 15	(1) Land use Plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, so-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, social, political, aesthetic, and related factors of the
14 15 16 17 18	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, social, political, aesthetic, and related factors of the area.
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li><li>18</li><li>19</li></ul>	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, social, political, aesthetic, and related factors of the area.  (2) Land use planning legislation.—The
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, social, political, aesthetic, and related factors of the area.  (2) Land use planning legislation" means a statem.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan" means a plan for development of an area that recognizes the physical, environmental, economic, social, political, aesthetic, and related factors of the area.  (2) Land use planning legislation" means a statute, regulation, executive order, or other actions.

(A) environmental resources;

25

1	(B) public works infrastructure;
2	(C) regional economic development;
3	(D) current and future development prac-
4	tices; and
5	(E) other activities related to the pattern
6	and scope of future land use.
7	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
8	the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the As-
9	sistant Secretary of Commerce for Economic Devel-
10	opment.
11	(4) STATE.—The term "State" means a State,
12	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
13	Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American
14	Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern
15	Mariana Islands.
16	(5) Tribal Government.—The term "tribal
17	government" means the tribal government of an In-
18	dian tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-
19	Determination and Education Assistance Act (25
20	U.S.C. 450b)).
21	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO STATES AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS TO
22	UPDATE LAND USE PLANNING LEGISLATION.
23	(a) Establishment of Program.—
24	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
25	a program to award grants to States and tribal gov-

1	ernments eligible for funding under subsection (b) to
2	promote comprehensive land use planning at the
3	State, tribal, and local levels.
4	(2) Grant applications.—
5	(A) Submission.—A State or tribal gov
6	ernment may submit to the Secretary, in such
7	form as the Secretary may require, an applica
8	tion for a grant under this section to be used
9	for 1 or more of the types of projects author
10	ized by subsection (c).
11	(B) APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall—
12	(i) not less often than annually, com
13	plete a review of the applications for
14	grants that are received under this section
15	and
16	(ii) award grants to States and triba
17	governments that the Secretary determines
18	rank the highest using the ranking criteria
19	specified in paragraph (3).
20	(3) Ranking Criteria.—In evaluating applica
21	tions for grants from eligible States and tribal gov
22	ernments under this section, the Secretary shall con
23	sider the following criteria:
24	(A) As a fundamental priority, the exten-
25	to which a State or tribal government has in ef

1	feet inadequate or outmoded land use planning
2	legislation.
3	(B) The extent to which a grant will facili-
4	tate development or revision of land use plans
5	consistent with updated land use planning legis-
6	<del>lation.</del>
7	(C) The extent to which development or re-
8	vision of land use plans will facilitate multistate
9	land use planning.
10	(D) The extent to which the area under
11	the jurisdiction of a State or tribal government
12	is experiencing significant growth.
13	(E) The extent to which the project to be
14	funded using a grant will protect the environ-
15	ment and promote economic development.
16	(F) The extent to which a State or tribal
17	government has committed financial resources
18	to comprehensive land use planning.
19	(b) Eligibility.—A State or tribal government shall
20	be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a) if the
21	State or tribal government demonstrates that the project,
22	or the goal of the project, to be funded by the grant pro-
23	motes land use planning activities that—
24	(1) are comprehensive in nature and, to the
25	maximum extent practicable—

1	(A) promote environmental protection (in-
2	cluding air and water quality);
3	(B) take into consideration—
4	(i) public works infrastructure in ex-
5	istence at the time at which the grant is to
6	be made; and
7	(ii) future infrastructure needs, such
8	as needs identified in—
9	(I) the needs assessments re-
10	quired under sections 516(2) and
11	518(b) of the Federal Water Pollution
12	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1375(2)
13	1377(b)) and subsections (h) and
14	(i)(4) of section 1452 of the Safe
15	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j
16	<del>12);</del> and
17	(II) the State long-range trans-
18	portation plan developed under section
19	135(e) of title 23, United States
20	Code;
21	(C) promote sustainable economic develop-
22	ment (including regional economic development)
23	and social equity;
24	(D) enhance community character;

1	(E) conserve historic, scenic, natural, and
2	cultural resources; and
3	(F) provide for a range of affordable hous-
4	ing options;
5	(2) promote land use plans that contain an im-
6	plementation element that—
7	(A) includes a timetable for action and a
8	definition of the respective roles and respon-
9	sibilities of agencies, local governments, and
10	other stakeholders;
11	(B) is consistent with the capital budget
12	objectives of the State or tribal government;
13	and
14	(C) provides a framework for decisions re-
15	lating to the siting of infrastructure develop-
16	ment, including development of utilities and
17	utility distribution systems;
18	(3) result in multijurisdictional governmental
19	cooperation, to the maximum extent practicable, par-
20	ticularly in the case of land use plans based on wa-
21	tershed boundaries;
22	(4) encourage the participation of the public in
23	the development, adoption, and updating of land use
24	<del>plans;</del>

1	(5) provide for the periodic updating of land
2	use plans; and
3	(6) include approaches to land use planning
4	that are consistent with established professional land
5	use planning standards.
6	(e) USE OF GRANT FUNDS. Grant funds received
7	by a State or tribal government under subsection (a) may
8	be used for a project—
9	(1) to earry out, or obtain technical assistance
10	with which to carry out—
11	(A) development or revision of land use
12	planning legislation;
13	(B) research and development relating to
14	land use plans, and other activities relating to
15	the development of State, tribal, or local land
16	use plans, that result in long-term policy guide-
17	lines for growth and development;
18	(C) workshops, education of and consulta-
19	tion with policymakers, and participation of the
20	public in the land use planning process; and
21	(D) integration of State, regional, tribal,
22	or local land use plans with Federal land use
23	<del>plans;</del>
24	(2) to provide funding to units of general pur-
25	pose local government to carry out land use planning

1	activities consistent with land use planning legisla
2	tion; or
3	(3) to acquire equipment or information tech
4	nology to facilitate State, tribal, or local land use
5	<del>planning.</del>
6	(d) Pilot Projects for Local Governments.
7	A State may include in its application for a grant under
8	this section a request for additional grant funds with
9	which to assist units of general purpose local government
10	in earrying out pilot projects to earry out land use plan
11	ning activities consistent with land use planning legisla
12	tion.
13	(e) Amount of Grants.—
14	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para
15	graph (2), the amount of a grant to a State or triba
16	government under subsection (a) shall not exceed
17	<del>\$1,000,000.</del>
18	(2) Additional amount.—The Secretary may
19	award a State up to an additional \$100,000 to fund
20	pilot projects under subsection (d).
21	(f) Cost Sharing.—
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Federal share of the
23	cost of a project funded with a grant under sub
24	section (a) shall not exceed 90 percent.

(2) Grants to tribal government in the ease of a grant to a tribal government if the Secretary determines that the tribal government does not have sufficient funds to pay the non-Federal share of the cost of the project.

#### (g) Audits.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—The Inspector General of the Department of Commerce may conduct an audit of a portion of the grants awarded under this section to ensure that the grant funds are used for the purposes specified in this section.
- (2) USE OF AUDIT RESULTS.—The results of an audit conducted under paragraph (1) and any recommendations made in connection with the audit shall be taken into consideration in awarding any future grant under this section to a State or tribal government.
- (3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Commerce shall submit to Congress a report that provides a description of the management of the program established under this section (including a description of

1	the allocation of grant funds awarded under this see-
2	tion).
3	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
4	(1) In General.—There is authorized to be
5	appropriated to carry out this section \$25,000,000
6	for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2006.
7	(2) AVAILABILITY FOR TRIBAL GOVERN-
8	MENTS.—Of the amount made available under para-
9	graph (1) for a fiscal year, not less than 5 percent
10	shall be available to make grants to tribal govern-
11	ments to the extent that there are sufficient tribal
12	governments that are eligible for funding under sub-
13	section (b) and that submit applications.
14	SEC. 5. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION TECH-
15	NICAL ASSISTANCE.
16	(a) In General.—The Secretary may develop vol-
17	untary educational and informational programs for the
18	use of State, tribal, and local land use planning and zoning
19	officials.
20	(b) Types of Programs.—Programs developed
21	under subsection (a) may include—
22	(1) exchange of technical land use planning in-
23	formation;
24	(2) electronic databases containing data rel-
25	evant to land use planning;

1	(3) other technical land use planning assistance
2	to facilitate access to, and use of, techniques and
3	principles of land use planning; and
4	(4) such other types of programs as the Sec-
5	retary determines to be appropriate.
6	(e) Consultation and Cooperation.—The Sec-
7	retary shall carry out subsection (a) in consultation and
8	cooperation with—
9	(1) the Administrator of the Environmental
10	Protection Agency;
11	(2) the Secretary of Transportation;
12	(3) the Secretary of Agriculture;
13	(4) the heads of other Federal agencies;
14	(5) State, tribal, and local governments; and
15	(6) nonprofit organizations that promote land
16	use planning at the State, tribal, and local levels.
17	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
18	authorized to be appropriated to earry out this section
19	\$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2006.
20	SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
21	This Act may be cited as the "Community Character
22	Act of 2002".
23	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
24	Congress finds that—

1	(1) inadequate land use planning at the State
2	and tribal levels contributes to—
3	(A) increased public and private capital
4	costs for public works infrastructure develop-
5	ment;
6	$(B)\ environmental\ degradation;$
7	(C) weakened regional economic develop-
8	ment; and
9	(D) loss of community character;
10	(2) land use planning is rightfully within the ju-
11	risdiction of State, tribal, and local governments;
12	(3) comprehensive land use planning and com-
13	munity development should be supported by Federal,
14	State, and tribal governments;
15	(4) States and tribal governments should provide
16	a proper climate and context through legislation in
17	order for comprehensive land use planning, commu-
18	nity development, and environmental protection to
19	occur;
20	(5)(A) many States and tribal governments have
21	outmoded land use planning legislation; and
22	(B) many States and tribal governments are un-
23	dertaking efforts to update and reform land use plan-
24	ning legislation;

1	(6) the Federal Government and States should
2	support the efforts of tribal governments to develop
3	and implement land use plans to improve environ-
4	mental protection, housing opportunities, and socio-
5	economic conditions for Indian tribes; and
6	(7) the coordination of use of State and tribal re-
7	sources with local land use plans requires additional
8	planning at the State and tribal levels.
9	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
10	In this Act:
11	(1) Land use plan.—The term "land use plan"
12	means a plan for development of an area that recog-
13	nizes the physical, environmental, economic, social,
14	political, aesthetic, and related factors of the area.
15	(2) Land use planning legislation.—The
16	term "land use planning legislation" means a statute,
17	regulation, executive order, or other action taken by
18	a State or tribal government to guide, regulate, or as-
19	sist in the planning, regulation, and management
20	of
21	(A) environmental resources;
22	(B) public works infrastructure;
23	(C) regional economic development;
24	(D) current and future development prac-
25	tices; and

1	(E) other activities related to the pattern				
2	and scope of future land use.				
3	(3) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means				
4	the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Assist-				
5	ant Secretary of Commerce for Economic Develop-				
6	ment.				
7	(4) State.—The term "State" means a State,				
8	the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puer				
9	to Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa,				
10	and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Is-				
11	lands.				
12	(5) Tribal Government.—The term "tribal				
13	government" means the tribal government of an In-				
14	dian tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-				
15	Determination and Education Assistance Act (25				
16	$U.S.C.\ 450b)).$				
17	SEC. 4. GRANTS TO STATES AND TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS TO				
18	UPDATE LAND USE PLANNING LEGISLATION.				
19	(a) Establishment of Program.—				
20	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish				
21	a program to award grants to States and tribal gov-				
22	ernments eligible for funding under subsection (b) to				
23	promote comprehensive land use planning at the				
24	State, tribal, and local levels.				
25	(2) Grant applications.—				

1	(A) Submission.—A State or tribal govern-
2	ment may submit to the Secretary, in such form
3	as the Secretary may require, an application for
4	a grant under this section to be used for 1 or
5	more of the types of projects authorized by sub-
6	section (c).
7	(B) Approval.—The Secretary shall—
8	(i) not less often than annually, com-
9	plete a review of the applications for grants
10	that are received under this section; and
11	(ii) award grants to States and tribal
12	governments that the Secretary determines
13	rank the highest using the ranking criteria
14	specified in paragraph (3).
15	(3) Ranking criteria.—In evaluating applica-
16	tions for grants from eligible States and tribal gov-
17	ernments under this section, the Secretary shall con-
18	sider the following criteria:
19	(A) As a fundamental priority, the extent to
20	which a State or tribal government has in effect
21	inadequate or outmoded land use planning legis-
22	lation.
23	(B) The extent to which a grant will facili-
24	tate development or revision of land use plans

1	consistent with updated State and tribal land					
2	use planning legislation.					
3	(C) The extent to which development or re-					
4	vision of land use plans will facilitate multistate					
5	land use planning.					
6	(D) The extent to which the area under the					
7	jurisdiction of a State or tribal government i					
8	experiencing significant growth.					
9	(E) The extent to which the project to be					
10	funded using a grant will protect the environ-					
11	ment and promote economic development.					
12	(F) The extent to which a State or tribal					
13	government has committed financial resources to					
14	comprehensive land use planning.					
15	(b) Eligibility.—A State or tribal government shall					
16	be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (a) if the					
17	State or tribal government demonstrates that the project,					
18	or the goal of the project, to be funded by the grant promotes					
19	land use planning activities that—					
20	(1) are comprehensive in nature and, to the					
21	maximum extent practicable—					
22	(A) promote environmental protection (in-					
23	cluding air and water quality);					
24	(B) take into consideration—					

1	(i) public works infrastructure in ex-
2	istence at the time at which the grant is to
3	be made; and
4	(ii) future infrastructure needs, such as
5	needs identified in—
6	(I) the needs assessments required
7	under sections 516(2) and 518(b) of the
8	Federal Water Pollution Control Act
9	(33 U.S.C. 1375(2), 1377(b)) and sub-
10	sections (h) and (i)(4) of section 1452
11	of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
12	U.S.C. 300j–12); and
13	(II) the State long-range trans-
14	portation plan developed under section
15	135(e) of title 23, United States Code;
16	(C) promote sustainable economic develop-
17	ment (including regional economic development)
18	and social equity;
19	(D) enhance community character;
20	(E) conserve historic, scenic, natural, and
21	cultural resources; and
22	(F) provide for a range of affordable hous-
23	$ing\ options;$
24	(2) promote land use plans that contain an im-
25	plementation element that—

1	(A) includes a timetable for action and a			
2	definition of the respective roles and responsibil			
3	ities of agencies, local governments, and oth			
4	stakeholders;			
5	(B) is consistent with the capital budget ob-			
6	jectives of the State or tribal government; and			
7	(C) provides a framework for decisions re			
8	lating to the siting of infrastructure develop-			
9	ment, including development of utilities and			
10	$utility\ distribution\ systems;$			
11	(3) result in multijurisdictional governmental			
12	cooperation, to the maximum extent practicable, par-			
13	ticularly in the case of land use plans based on water-			
14	shed boundaries;			
15	(4) encourage the participation of the public in			
16	the development, adoption, and updating of land use			
17	plans;			
18	(5) provide for the periodic updating of land use			
19	plans; and			
20	(6) include recognized approaches to land use			
21	planning.			
22	(c) Use of Grant Funds.—Grant funds received by			
23	a State or tribal government under subsection (a) may be			
24	used for a project—			

1	(1) to carry out, or obtain technical assistance
2	with which to carry out—
3	(A) development or revision of land use
4	$planning\ legislation;$
5	(B) research and development relating to
6	land use plans, and other activities relating to
7	the development of State, tribal, or local land use
8	plans, that result in long-term policy guidelines
9	for growth and development;
10	(C) workshops, education of and consulta-
11	tion with policymakers, and participation of the
12	public in the land use planning process; and
13	(D) coordination of Federal, State, regional,
14	tribal, and local land use plans;
15	(2) to provide funding to units of general pur-
16	pose local government to carry out land use planning
17	activities consistent with land use planning legisla-
18	$tion; \ or$
19	(3) to acquire equipment or information tech-
20	nology to facilitate State, tribal, or local land use
21	planning.
22	(d) Pilot Projects for Local Governments.—A
23	State may include in its application for a grant under this
24	section a request for additional grant funds with which to
25	assist units of general purpose local government in carrying

1	out pilot projects to carry out land use planning activities
2	consistent with land use planning legislation.
3	(e) Amount of Grants.—
4	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
5	graph (2), the amount of a grant to a State or tribat
6	government under subsection (a) shall not exceed
7	\$1,000,000.
8	(2) Additional amount.—The Secretary may
9	award a State up to an additional \$100,000 to fund
10	pilot projects under subsection (d).
11	(f) Cost Sharing.—
12	(1) In General.—The Federal share of the cost
13	of a project funded with a grant under subsection (a,
14	shall not exceed 90 percent.
15	(2) Grants to tribal governments.—The
16	Secretary may increase the Federal share in the case
17	of a grant to a tribal government if the Secretary de-
18	termines that the tribal government does not have suf-
19	ficient funds to pay the non-Federal share of the cost
20	of the project.
21	(g) AUDITS.—
22	(1) In General.—The Inspector General of the
23	Department of Commerce may conduct an audit of a
24	portion of the grants awarded under this section to

- ensure that the grant funds are used for the purposes
   specified in this section.
  - (2) USE OF AUDIT RESULTS.—The results of an audit conducted under paragraph (1) and any recommendations made in connection with the audit shall be taken into consideration in awarding any future grant under this section to a State or tribal government.
  - (3) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Department of Commerce shall submit to Congress a report that provides a description of the management of the program established under this section (including a description of the allocation of grant funds awarded under this section).

#### (h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In General.—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2006.
- (2) AVAILABILITY FOR TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS.—
  Of the amount made available under paragraph (1)
  for a fiscal year, not less than 5 percent shall be
  available to make grants to tribal governments to the
  extent that there are sufficient tribal governments that

- 1 are eligible for funding under subsection (b) and that
- 2 submit applications.

#### Calendar No. 610

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## A BILL

To improve environmental policy by providing assistance for State and tribal land use planning, to promote improved quality of life, regionalism, and sustainable economic development, and for other purposes.

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